CLAIMS

1. An antibacterial agent, which comprises, as an active ingredient, a compound represented by the following general formula (1):

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_1 HN & 2 & N & N + R_2 \\ R_1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ & & 1 & 6 & N_5 \\ & & & & R_3 & R_4 \end{array}$$
 (1)

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(wherein R₁ represents (i) a hydrogen atom, (ii) a phenyl group or a phenylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iii) a naphthyl group or a naphthylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iv) a heterocyclic group, a heterocyclic alkyl group or a heterocyclic aminoalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (v) an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or (vi) a cycloalkyl group or a cycloalkyl-alkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted;

- (a) when R₁ is a hydrogen atom, R₁' represents (i) a phenyl group or a phenylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (ii) a naphthyl group or a naphthylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iii) a heterocyclic group, a heterocyclic alkyl group or a heterocyclic aminoalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iv) an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or (v) a cycloalkyl group or a cycloalkyl-alkyl group, each of which is substituted, said groups (i) to (v) being substituted at position 1 of the dihydrotriazine ring, or
 - (b) when R_1 is other than a hydrogen atom, R_1 ' represents

a hydrogen atom attached to the nitrogen atom at position 1 or 3 of the dihydrotriazine ring;

 R_2 represents a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms;

 R_3 and R_4 represent that R_3 is a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and R_4 is a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or R_3 and R_4 are taken together with the adjacent carbon atom to form a spirocycloalkane group or an alkyl spirocycloalkane group; and

the dashed line indicates that the position of a double bond is either between 1 and 2 or between 2 and 3), or a tautomer thereof or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.

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- 2. The antibacterial agent according to claim 1, wherein any one of R_2 and R_4 is an optionally substituted alkyl group of 7 to 16 carbon atoms.
- 3. A compound represented by the general formula (1a):

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_{1}HN & 3 & NHR_{21} \\ R_{1} & 1 & 4 \\ & 1 & 6 \\ & & 1 \\ & & & R_{3} & R_{4} \end{array}$$
 (1a)

(wherein R_1 represents (i) a hydrogen atom, (ii) a phenyl group or a phenylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iii) a naphthyl group or a naphthylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iv) a heterocyclic group, a heterocyclic alkyl group or a heterocyclic aminoalkyl group,

each of which is optionally substituted, (v) an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or (vi) a cycloalkyl group or a cycloalkyl-alkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted;

- (a) when R₁ is a hydrogen atom, R₁' represents (i) a phenyl group or a phenylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (ii) a naphthyl group or a naphthylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iii) a heterocyclic group, a heterocyclic alkyl group or a heterocyclic aminoalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iv) an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, (v) a cycloalkyl group or a cycloalkyl-alkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, said groups (i) to (v) being substituted at position 1 of the dihydrotriazine ring, or
- (b) when R_1 is other than a hydrogen atom, R_1 ' represents a hydrogen atom attached to the nitrogen atom at position 1 or 3 of the dihydrotriazine ring;

 R_{21} represents an optionally substituted alkyl group of 7 to 16 carbon atoms;

 R_3 and R_4 represent that R_3 is a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and R_4 is a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or R_3 and R_4 are taken together with the adjacent carbon atom to form a spirocycloalkane group or an alkyl spirocycloalkane group; and

the dashed line indicates that the position of a double bond is either between 1 and 2 or between 2 and 3), or a tautomer thereof or a salt thereof.

4. The compound according to claim 3, wherein R_1 is (i) a hydrogen atom, (ii) a phenyl group or a phenylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iii) an optionally substituted naphthyl group, (iv) a heterocyclic group, a heterocyclic alkyl group or a heterocyclic aminoalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (v) an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or (vi) a cycloalkyl group or a cycloalkyl-alkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted;

(a) when R_1 is a hydrogen atom, R_1 ' is (i) a phenyl group or a phenylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (ii) a naphthyl group or a naphthylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iii) a heterocyclic group, a heterocyclic alkyl group or a heterocyclic aminoalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, or (iv) an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, said groups (i) to (iv) being substituted at position 1 of the dihydrotriazine ring,

or a tautomer thereof or a salt thereof.

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5. The compound according to claim 3, wherein R_1 is a phenyl group or a phenylalkyl group, or an alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, each of which is optionally substituted; R_3 is an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 3 carbon atoms; and R_4 is an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms.

or a tautomer thereof or a salt thereof.

6. A compound represented by the following general formula

(1b):

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(wherein R₁₁ represents (i) a hydrogen atom, (ii) an optionally substituted phenyl group, (iii) a naphthyl group or a naphthylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iv) a heterocyclic group or a heterocyclic alkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, or (v) a cycloalkyl group or a cycloalkyl-alkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted;

- (a) when R₁₁ is a hydrogen atom, R₁₁' represents (i) a naphthyl group or a naphthylalkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (ii) a heterocyclic group or a heterocyclic alkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, (iii) an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or
 (iv) a cycloalkyl group or a cycloalkyl-alkyl group, each of which is optionally substituted, said groups (i) to (iv) being substituted at position 1 of the dihydrotriazine ring, or
 - (b) when R_{11} is other than a hydrogen atom, R_{11} ' represents a hydrogen atom attached to the nitrogen atom at position 1 or 3 of the dihydrotriazine ring;

 R_3 and R_4 represent that R_3 is a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and R_4 is a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or R_3 and R_4 are taken together with the adjacent carbon atom to form a spirocycloalkane group or an alkylspirocycloalkane group; and

the dashed line indicates that the position of a double

bond is either between 1 and 2 or between 2 and 3, provided that at least one of R_{11} ' and R_4 is an optionally substituted alkyl group of 7 to 16 carbon atoms),

or a tautomer thereof or a salt thereof.

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- 7. The compound according to claim 6, wherein R_{11} is an optionally substituted phenyl group, or a tautomer thereof or a salt thereof.
- 8. A compound represented by the following general formula (1c):

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H \\ H_2N \\ 2 \\ || \\ || \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ N \\ 6 \\ N \\ 5 \\ M_3C \\ CH_3 \end{array} NH(CH)_nCH_3$$

(wherein n represents an integer of 13 to 15), or a tautomer thereof or a salt thereof.

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9. A compound represented by the following general formula(1d):

(wherein R_{12} represents a hydrogen atom, or a heterocyclic group, 20 a heterocyclic alkyl group or a heterocyclic aminoalkyl group, the last three groups being optionally substituted, (a) when R_{12} is a hydrogen atom, R_{12} ' represents an optionally substituted heterocyclic group, an optionally substituted heterocyclic alkyl group or an optionally substituted heterocyclic aminoalkyl group, said groups being substituted at position 1 of the dihydrotriazine ring, or

5 (b) when R_{12} is other than a hydrogen atom, R_{12} represents a hydrogen atom attached to the nitrogen atom at position 1 or 3 of the dihydrotriazine ring;

 R_2 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms;

 R_3 and R_4 represent that R_3 is a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and R_4 is a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group of 1 to 16 carbon atoms, or R_3 and R_4 are taken together with the adjacent carbon atom to form a spirocycloalkane group or an alkyl spirocycloalkane group; and

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the dashed line indicates that the position of a double bond is either between 1 and 2 or between 2 and 3), or a tautomer thereof or a salt thereof.

- 20 10. A bactericidal/disinfectant agent, which comprises, as an active ingredient, a compound represented by the general formula (1) as defined in claim 1, or a tautomer thereof or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
- 25 11. An antiseptic/preservative agent for cosmetics, which comprises, as an active ingredient, a compound represented by the general formula (1) as defined in claim 1, or a tautomer thereof or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.

12. Amethod of treating or preventing bacterial infectious diseases, which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound represented by the general formula (1) as defined in claim 1, or a tautomer thereof or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof to mammals, birds or fish in need of treatment or prevention of bacterial infectious diseases.

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13. Use of a compound represented by the general formula
10 (1) as defined in claim 1, or a tautomer thereof or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for preparation of a medicament for treating or preventing bacterial infectious diseases.